

Calc 1 Final Exam Review G. Buthusiem

1. Find the limit of the following if they exist

a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x+2}{x^2-4}$

b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{x-3}-1}{x-4}$

c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{1}{x-3}$

d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{15x^3 - 2x + 3x + 1}{5 - x + x^2 - 3x^3}$

2. Use the limit definition to find the derivative of $y = x^2 - x - 1$

3. Find the line tangent to the curve $y = \sec^2 5x$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

4. Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve $f(x) = x(x^2 + 3x - 1)$ at (1,3).

5. Find the second derivative of $y = \frac{1}{x^2 + 5}$.

6. Find the derivative of the following:

a. $y = 5 - \tan x + x^2 \sin x$

b. $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^3 + x - 1}$

c. $y = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$

7. Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $x^3 + 5x - 6xy + y^2 = 1$.

8. Evaluate the following integrals

a. $\int \frac{x^5 - 5x^2 + 1}{x} dx$

b. $\int 2x \sec x^2 \tan x^2 dx$

c. $\int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\pi} \cos x dx$

d. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^2 x \sin x dx$

e. $\int \frac{\ln x}{x} dx$

f. $\int x^3 \sqrt{x^4 + 2} dx$

g. $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$

9. Find the velocity and acceleration of the object with position function $s(t) = t^2 - 2t + 3$.

10. Find the relative extrema for $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 15$.