

## MAT 108 Final Exam Review G.Buthusiem

1. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} x^2 + 3x$$

2. Find the limit (if it exists):

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -15} \frac{-x - 15}{x^2 - 225}$$

3. Find the limit (if it exists).

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 49^-} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 7}{x - 49}$$

4. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 11^+} \frac{x + 4}{-x + 11}$$

5. Find the slope  $m$  of the line tangent to the graph of the function  $f(x) = 4 - 5x$  at the point  $(-1, 9)$ .

6. Find the derivative of the following function using the limiting process.

$$f(x) = -2x^3 + 9x^2 - 9$$

7. Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 6x + 6$  at the point  $(-4, -2)$ .

8. Find the derivative of the algebraic function  $f(x) = x \left( 2 - \frac{6}{x+9} \right)$ .

9. Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = 11\sqrt{x} \sin(x)$ .

10. Find the derivative of the function  $\frac{\sin x}{8x + \cos x}$ . Simplify your answer.

11. Find the second derivative of the function  $f(v) = \frac{4v^2 + 5v - 4}{v}$ .

12. Find the derivative of the function.

$$g(x) = \left( \frac{x+6}{x^2+6} \right)^4$$

13. Find the derivative of the function  $y = -8 \sin 3x$ .

14. Find  $dy/dx$  by implicit differentiation.

$$x^7 + 7x + 10xy - y^3 = 4$$

15. Find the relative extremum of  $f(x) = -8x^2 + 48x + 6$  by applying the First Derivative Test.

16. Determine the open intervals on which the graph of the function

$$y = 2x - \tan 3x, \left( -\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{6} \right) \text{ is concave upward or concave downward.}$$

17. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x - 6}{-7x^2 - 5}$$

18. Find the indefinite integral and check the result by differentiation.

$$\int \frac{5u^2 + 6u - 12}{u^4} du$$

19. Find the indefinite integral  $\int z^2 \sqrt{(2 + z^3)} dz$ .

20. Find the indefinite integral of the following function and check the result by differentiation.

$$\int \frac{5t^4}{\sqrt{t^5 + 1}} dt$$

21. Use implicit differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

$$x^3 + 7 \ln y = 8$$

22. Use logarithmic differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

$$y = \frac{3x - 2}{(5x + 2)^4}$$

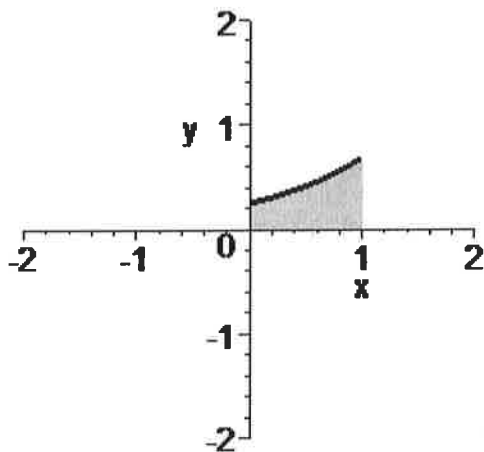
23. Evaluate the definite integral.

$$\int_1^3 \frac{1 - \cos(11\theta)}{11\theta - \sin(11\theta)} d\theta$$

24. Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = x^5 e^x$ .

25. Find the area of the shaded region.

$$y = \frac{1}{4} e^x$$



**Answer Key**

1. 0
2.  $\frac{1}{30}$
3.  $\frac{1}{14}$
4.  $-\infty$
5.  $m = -5$
6.  $f'(x) = -6x^2 + 18x$
7.  $y = -2x - 10$
8.  $f'(x) = \frac{108 + 36x + 2x^2}{(x+9)^2}$
9.  $\frac{11}{2\sqrt{x}} \sin(x) + 11\sqrt{x} \cos(x)$
10.  $\frac{1 + 8x \cos x - 8 \sin x}{(8x + \cos x)^2}$
11.  $f''(v) = -\frac{8}{v^3}$
12.  $g'(x) = \frac{4(6 - 12x - x^2)(6 + x)^3}{(6 + x^2)^5}$
13.  $y' = -24 \cos 3x$
14.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{7x^6 + 7 + 10y}{3y^2 - 10x}$
15. relative maximum: (3, 78)
16. concave upward:  $\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}, 0\right)$ ; concave downward:  $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{6}\right)$
17. 0
18.  $-\frac{5}{u} - \frac{3}{u^2} + \frac{4}{u^3} + C$
19.  $\frac{2(2 + z^3)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{9} + C$
20.  $2\sqrt{t^5 + 1} + C$
21.  $\frac{3x^2 y}{7}$
22.  $\frac{-45x + 46}{(5x + 2)^5}$
23.  $\frac{1}{11} \ln \left| \frac{33 - \sin(33)}{11 - \sin(11)} \right|$
24.  $x^4 e^x (x + 5)$
25.  $\frac{e - 1}{4}$